

PRESS RELEASE – 24TH FEBRUARY 2005

YEAR 2004 PRELIMINARY CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

Today, the Board of Directors of Saipem S.p.A. reviewed the preliminary consolidated results as of 31st December 2004; main data are as follows:

Year 2004

Revenues totalled 4,306 million euros (4,231 in 2003).

Operating income amounted to 290 million euros (303 in 2003).

Net income amounted to 197 million euros (196 in 2003), equal to an income per share of 0.45 euro (0.44 euro in 2003).

Cash flow (net income plus depreciation and amortisation) amounted to 437 million euros (454 in 2003).

Fourth Quarter 2004

Revenues totalled 1,237 million euros (1,228 million in the fourth quarter 2003).

Operating Income amounted to 90 million euros (84 million in the fourth quarter 2003).

Net Income amounted to 66 million euros (58 million in the fourth quarter 2003).

Cash flow amounted to 120 million euros (122 million in the fourth quarter 2003).

The comparison with the results of 2003 must recognise that approximately 70% of Group contracts are denominated in US dollars. The appreciation of the Euro against the US currency has therefore caused a reduction in euro-equivalent revenues for 2004 of approximately 450 million euros. The negative impact on the operating income, estimated at approximately 80 million euros, was largely offset by increased volumes, cost efficiencies and price improvements.

Revenues for 2004 totalled 4,306 million euros, a 1.8% increase versus 2003, due to an increase (+6%) in the Offshore Construction sector, particularly in the Mediterranean and West Africa, whose effects have been partially diminished by reduced activities in the Onshore Construction sector (-17.9%), following the completion of major projects in Kazakhstan and Saudi Arabia.

Operating income showed a 13 million euro decrease compared with the previous year, with a decline in margin on revenues from 7.2% in 2003 to 6.7% in 2004, due to the aforementioned effect of the US dollar devaluation.

Net income, thanks to better results posted in the management of financing and the improved performance of financial investments, reached 197 million euros, a further slight increase on the record result achieved in 2003 (196 million euros).

Investments in vessels and equipment for 2004 amounted to 187 million euros (262 million in 2003) and consisted mainly of the following: maintenance and upgrading of existing asset base (107 million euros); investments in vessels and equipment for specific projects, mainly Kashagan and Sakhalin Onshore (56 million euros); capex to strengthen the operating bases/yards in Kazakhstan and West Africa (24 million euros).

Net financial debt at 31st December 2004 amounted to 866 million euros, a decrease of 87 million euros versus 31st December 2003. Leverage fell from 0.70 at 31st December 2003 to 0.58 at 31st December 2004. This reduction in net debt is due entirely to the operating cash flow generated during the year. The net working capital, although remaining negative, absorbed cash, since it did not benefit from the receipt of advance payments for new contracts towards the end of the year as it had done in 2003.

New Contracts and backlog

Notwithstanding the euro appreciation against the US dollar, in 2004 Saipem was awarded new contracts for **the record amount of 4,387 million euros** (4,298 million euros in 2003), of which 2,845 million are in the Offshore sectors (Construction and Drilling).

The order backlog at 31st December 2004 amounted to 5,306 million euros (5,255 million euros as of 31st December 2003).

Financial flows

The decrease in net financial debt of 87 million euros versus 31st December 2003 was due to the following:

Outflows

- capital expenditure on tangible and intangible fixed assets amounting to 199 million euros;
- increase in net current assets of 76 million euros;
- distribution of dividends of 65 million euros;
- reduction in minority interest in net equity of 14 million euros
- buy-back of treasury shares to the value of 9 million euros;

Inflows

- cash flow (net income plus depreciation and amortisation) of 437 million euros;
- sale of tangible assets of 7 million euros;
- increase in employee termination benefits of 3 million euros;
- effect of exchange rate fluctuations of 3 million euros.

Management expectations for 2005

The oil industry is faced with continually increasing demand and the increasingly demanding challenge of replacing oil reserves. This has led many oil companies to increase the level of spending in recent years. This trend, favoured by high oil and gas prices, is expected to continue throughout 2005.

The positive overall trend of the market and Saipem's credibility and competitiveness, especially on complex projects in frontier areas, underpin expectations for 2005 to achieve further revenue growth, improving on the 2004 record, as well as the award of new contracts so as to maintain the high level of backlog.

The phenomenon that will continue to adversely affect Saipem's profit levels is the appreciation of the euro against the US dollar. This is because approximately 70% of Saipem's revenues are denominated in the American currency, whilst costs of the Milan and Paris operating centres as well as almost all depreciation - a total of approximately 560 million per annum - are denominated in euros.

The impact of the euro appreciation is felt approximately one year after contract award, i.e. the average time lag between contract acquisition (and hedging), and execution. In 2004 therefore, Saipem's average invoice exchange rate was 1.15 (while the average euro/US dollar ratio in the same period was 1.24). In 2005, the combination of contracts already in the backlog at end 2004 and to be executed during the current year, along with contracts to be acquired in 2005, are expected to lead to an approximate average invoice exchange rate of 1.23.

Euro appreciation from 1.15 to 1.23 is expected to have a two-fold impact. Firstly it will cause a reduction in the euro-equivalent contribution from USD-denominated contracts (translation effect), estimated at approximately 14 million euros. Secondly, the effect of the company's euro-denominated structural costs will determine a further reduction in operating income estimated at approximately 24 million euros.

Conversely:

- volumes are expected to grow thanks to the substantial order backlog at the end of 2004 and the positive overall market trend;
- in those business sectors and those areas where US competition is weakest, it is possible to gradually transfer to prices the effects of the euro's appreciation.

At present it is expected that, in 2005, the Group can repeat the record 2004 results, with possible room for further improvement.

Capital expenditure for 2005 is estimated at approximately 260 million euros and will include: maintenance and upgrades of vessels and equipment (160 million euros); the expansion of bases/yards in Kazakhstan and West Africa (30 million euros); the construction of new vessels and specific equipment required for contracts already in the backlog (70 million euros).

Depreciation and amortisation for 2005 is expected to total around 215 million euros.

Forward-looking statements are based on a number of assumptions and expectations that could ultimately prove inaccurate, as they are subject to risks and variables outside the company's control. These include: currency fluctuations, interest rate fluctuations, the level of capital expenditure in the oil and gas industry, as well as other industries, political instability in the Persian Gulf and/or other regions, and actions by the competition. Moreover, contract execution is also subject to variables outwith the company's control, such as weather conditions. Actual results could therefore differ materially from the forward-looking statements.

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

As of 1st January 2005, all European listed companies are required to produce their Consolidated Financial Statements in compliance with the new International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Owing to the complexity of this matter, the impact of the IFRS' introduction in Saipem is still under review. Analyses carried out to date indicate that (excluding the effect of IAS 39) net equity at the beginning of the period should show a modest increase, whilst consolidated net income should increase, mainly due to the discontinuance of the goodwill amortisation.

With regard to IAS 39 (relating to the recognition and measurement of financial instruments, namely hedging contracts), it is Saipem policy to hedge long-term contracts against exchange rate fluctuations. These hedging contracts, in part (the extent of which is still to be defined), would not be classified as specific hedging contracts as defined in IAS 39. Hence, for non-specific hedging contracts, revenues and costs are to be accounted for utilising spot exchange rates, and hedges are to be accounted at their fair value.

The application of this principle, while not having any appreciable effect in the long-term, can lead to pronounced short-term volatility in the company's results.

Saipem will continue to utilise hedging contracts, but will strive, insofar as the nature of its business allows, to satisfy the effectiveness criteria required by IAS 39. In any case, the periodic financial updates will highlight the effects that the new reporting standards have on hedging operations, so as to enable quarterly and yearly comparisons of data, net of these effects.

Analysis by business sector

Offshore Construction:

(million euros)

	Fourth Quarter		Year	
	2003	2004	2003	2004
Operating revenues	784	799	2,547	2,700
Operating expenses, net of cost of materials	(586)	(460)	(1,808)	(1,874)
Cost of materials	(101)	(241)	(398)	(493)
Depreciation and amortisation	(22)	(19)	(93)	(86)
Contribution from operations (*)	75	79	248	247
Depreciation of purchase cost allocated to ex Bouygues Offshore equipment	–	(1)	(1)	(1)
Goodwill amortisation ex Bouygues Offshore	(6)	(4)	(21)	(20)
Contribution from operations, net	69	74	226	226
New orders awarded	665	840	2,536	2,738

(*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31st December 2004 amounted to 3,303 million euros, of which 2,033 million are to be realised in 2005.

- Revenues for 2004 amounted to 2,700 million euros, a 6.0% increase versus 2003, mainly due to full-scale operations of EPIC-type projects in West and North Africa.
- In 2004, contribution from operations amounted to 247 million euros, equal to 9.1% of revenues, versus 248 million euros, equal to 9.7% of revenues in 2003. This slight decrease in profitability is mainly attributable to the US Dollar devaluation, which was almost entirely offset by increased volumes generated during the year. Contribution from operations, net of goodwill amortisation, stood at 226 million euros, equal to 8.4% of revenues. In the fourth quarter, contribution from operations, net of goodwill amortisation, amounted to 74 million euros, equal to 9.3% of revenues, versus 69 million euros, equal to 8.8% of revenues in the same quarter 2003.

- The most important contracts awarded to the Saipem Group during the fourth quarter include:
 - on behalf of AGIP KCO, the Kashagan Trunkline and Production Flowlines project in Kazakhstan, as part of the Kashagan Field Development in the Kazakh waters of the Caspian Sea. The Contract comprises engineering, procurement of materials, coating, laying and commissioning of pipelines, fibre optic cables and umbilicals. The pipes are to be supplied by the client;
 - on behalf of AGIP KCO, the Kashagan Piles and Flares project in Kazakhstan, as part of the Kashagan Field Development in the Kazakh waters of the Caspian Sea. The contract comprises construction, assembly, transport and installation of piles, flares in addition to sixteen barges to house plant modules; the scope of work also includes the procurement, fabrication and installation of associated mooring and protection structures;
 - on behalf of AKOP (Aker Kvaerner Offshore Partners), the Frigg and MCP-01 Decommissioning project, comprising the removal and transport of seven platforms located on the Frigg e MCP-01 gas fields in the North Sea.

Onshore Construction:

(million euros)

	Fourth Quarter		Year	
	2003	2004	2003	2004
Operating revenues	199	157	742	609
Operating expenses, net of cost of materials	(118)	(84)	(449)	(387)
Cost of materials	(48)	(54)	(178)	(142)
Depreciation and amortisation	(12)	(4)	(37)	(22)
Contribution from operations (*)	21	15	78	58
Goodwill amortisation ex Bouygues Offshore	(2)	(3)	(8)	(9)
Contribution from operations, net	19	12	70	49
New orders awarded	–	96	862	596

(*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

Order backlog at 31st December 2004 amounted to 763 million euros, of which 538 are to be realised in 2005.

- Revenues for 2004 were 133 million euros lower than those attained in 2003 (-17.9%) following the almost total completion of large projects in Kazakhstan and Saudi Arabia, which were only partially compensated for by the full scale operations of projects in North Africa and the Sakhalin II project in Russia.
- In 2004, contribution from operations amounted to 58 million euros, equal to 9.5% of revenues, versus 78 million euros, equal to 10.5% of revenues for 2003. The higher level of margin attained in 2003 was due to contingency released in the final stages of projects. Contribution from operations, net of goodwill amortisation, stood at 49 million euros, with margin at 8% of revenues. Contribution from operations in the fourth quarter, net of goodwill amortisation, stood at 12 million euros, with margin at 7.6% of revenues, versus 19 million euros, equal to 9.5% of revenues for the same quarter 2003.
- The most important contract awarded to the Saipem Group during the fourth quarter 2004 was:
 - on behalf of AGIP KCO, as part of the aforementioned Kashagan Trunkline and Production Flowlines project in Kazakhstan, pipelaying operations for various onshore lines.

Liquefied Natural Gas (L.N.G.):

(million euros)

	Fourth Quarter		Year	
	2003	2004	2003	2004
Operating revenues	56	65	205	215
Operating expenses	(47)	(57)	(163)	(178)
Depreciation and amortisation	(3)	(1)	(10)	(9)
Contribution from operations (*)	6	7	32	28
Goodwill amortisation ex Bouygues Offshore	(2)	(3)	(8)	(9)
Contribution from operations, net	4	4	24	19
New orders awarded	47	7	273	344

(*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31st December 2004 amounted to 447 million euros, of which 238 million are to be realised in 2005.

- Operations carried out mainly in India, China and Spain enabled the company to achieve revenues of 215 million euros in 2004, a 4.9% increase versus the previous year.
- In 2004, contribution from operations, net of goodwill amortisation, amounted to 19 million euros, with margin equal to 8.8% of revenues, versus 24 million euros, equal to 11.7% of revenues, in 2003. This decrease in margin can be mainly attributed to recently acquired projects being in their initial stages. In the fourth quarter 2004, contribution from operations, net of goodwill amortisation, is in line with that recorded in the fourth quarter 2003.

Maintenance, Modification & Operation (M.M.O.):

(million euros)

	Fourth Quarter		Year	
	2003	2004	2003	2004
Operating revenues	64	89	208	288
Operating expenses	(58)	(83)	(192)	(264)
Depreciation and amortisation	(1)	(1)	(3)	(5)
Contribution from operations (*)	5	5	13	19
Goodwill amortisation ex Bouygues Offshore	(1)	(1)	(4)	(4)
Contribution from operations, net	4	4	9	15
New orders awarded	45	79	193	305

(*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31st December 2004 amounted to 63 million euros, of which 36 million are to be realised in 2005.

- Operational activities, carried out mainly in France, Italy, West Africa and Russia, achieved revenues for the year of 288 million euros, an 80 million euro increase versus 2003, due mainly to activities carried out in Italy from the second half of 2003.
- In 2004, contribution from operations, net of goodwill amortisation, amounted to 15 million euros, with margin equal to 5.2% of revenues. Margin in the fourth quarter 2004 stood at 4.5%, versus 6.2% for the same quarter 2003.
- Major contracts won during the fourth quarter include:
 - on behalf of TotalFinaElf, the extension of contracts for activities in France;
 - on behalf of Eni E&P, maintenance of upstream installations in Italy.

Offshore Drilling:

(million euros)

	Fourth Quarter		Year	
	2003	2004	2003	2004
Operating revenues	72	76	298	289
Operating expenses	(54)	(47)	(204)	(181)
Depreciation and amortisation	(10)	(11)	(37)	(42)
Contribution from operations (*)	8	18	57	66
New orders awarded	27	46	247	107

(*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31st December 2004 amounted to 317 million euros, of which 210 million are to be realised in 2005.

Operating revenues for 2004 showed a 3% downturn versus 2003, attributable to the US dollar devaluation and the temporary suspension of operations by the semi-submersible platform Scarabeo 4, the jack-ups Perro Negro 3 and Perro Negro 5, which underwent project specific upgrades, structural repairs or remained idle. This inactivity was only partially compensated for by the full scale operations of the semi-submersible platforms Scarabeo 5, Scarabeo 6 and Scarabeo 7.

- Contribution from operations in 2004 increased by 9 million euros versus 2003, with a margin on revenues rising from 19.1% to 22.8%. This was due to higher day rates versus the previous year in addition to increased efficiency in the operations of some vessels.

In the fourth quarter, contribution from operations stood at 18 million euros, equal to 23.7% of revenues, versus 8 million euros, 11.1% of revenues during the fourth quarter 2003.

- Vessel utilisation was as follows:

<i>Vessel</i>	<i>days under contract</i>	
Semi-submersible platform Scarabeo 3	246	a
Semi-submersible platform Scarabeo 4	-	b
Semi-submersible platform Scarabeo 5	366	
Semi-submersible platform Scarabeo 6	331	c
Semi-submersible platform Scarabeo 7	366	
Drillship Saipem 10000	366	
Jack-up Perro Negro 2	366	
Jack-up Perro Negro 3	154	a
Jack-up Perro Negro 4	352	c
Jack-up Perro Negro 5	-	d

a= for the remaining days (to 366) the vessel underwent upgrading works in view of a new contract.
b= the vessel underwent structural repairs (182 days) and was idle for the remaining period (184 days).
c= for the remaining days (to 366) the vessel underwent structural repairs.
d= the vessel underwent structural repairs (122 days) and was idle for the remaining period (244 days).

- The most significant contracts won during the fourth quarter included:
 - on behalf of Saudi Aramco, the three-year charter of the jack-up Perro Negro 2 in Saudi Arabia;
 - on behalf of Petrobel, the two-year charter of the jack-up Perro Negro 4 in Egypt.

Onshore Drilling:

(million euros)

	Fourth Quarter		Year	
	2003	2004	2003	2004
Operating revenues	42	41	192	158
Operating expenses	(33)	(32)	(149)	(120)
Depreciation and amortisation	(4)	(4)	(20)	(18)
Contribution from operations (*)	5	5	23	20
New orders awarded	105	179	176	275

(*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31st December 2004 amounted to 296 million euros, of which 119 million are to be realised in 2005.

- Operating revenues for 2004 show a 17.7% reduction versus those for 2003, largely due to the reduced levels of activity in West and North Africa as well as the appreciation of the euro against the US Dollar.
- In 2004, contribution from operations fell by 3 million euros versus the previous year, whilst the margin on revenues increased from 12% to 12.7%. This increase in margin is attributed to improved efficiency on the rigs operating in Latin America and Saudi Arabia.
- Average utilisation of rigs stood at 78% (81% in 2003); rigs were located as follows: 11 in Peru, 8 in Saudi Arabia, 6 in Venezuela, 3 in Italy, 3 in Algeria, 2 in Egypt, 2 in Kazakhstan and 1 in Nigeria.
In addition, 5 third-party rigs were deployed in Peru and 1 in Kazakhstan by the joint-venture company SaiPar.
Finally, 1 rig, owned jointly with third parties, operated in Kazakhstan.
- The most significant contracts won during the fourth quarter 2004 included:
 - on behalf of Agip KCO, drilling activities due to last approximately five years in the D Block of the Kashagan field in Kazakhstan, to be carried out by two rigs owned by the Client;
 - on behalf of Saudi Aramco, the three-year charter of two rigs in Saudi Arabia;

Saipem



- on behalf of PDVSA, the twelve-month charter of a rig in Venezuela;
- on behalf of Gulf Keystone, the one-year charter of a rig in Algeria;
- on behalf of First Calgary Petroleum, the one-year charter of a rig in Algeria.

Leased FPSO:

(million euros)

	Fourth Quarter		Year	
	2003	2004	2003	2004
Operating revenues	11	10	39	47
Operating expenses	(5)	(6)	(18)	(26)
Depreciation and amortisation	(2)	(2)	(12)	(10)
Contribution from operations (*)	4	2	9	11
New orders awarded	–	–	11	22

(*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31st December 2004 amounted to 117 million euros, of which 20 million are to be realised in 2005.

- In 2004, operating revenues increased by 20.5% versus 2003, as a result of operations relating to the project for the recovery of crude oil from the wrecked tanker “Prestige”. Contribution from operations amounted to 11 million euros, equal to 23.4% of revenues, versus 9 million euros, equal to 23.1% of revenues for 2003.
- The production units FPSO–Firenze and FPSO–Mystras have been in continuous operation throughout the year. The FPSO-Jamestown was sold to third parties on 23rd June 2004, as it became surplus to operational requirements.

Attachments:

- Reclassified Consolidated Balance Sheet and Reclassified Consolidated Income Statements by nature and destination of costs.

San Donato Milanese, 24th February 2005

RECLASSIFIED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(million euros)

	31 st December 2003	31 st December 2004
Net tangible fixed assets	1,694	1,686
Net intangible fixed assets	<u>851</u>	<u>805</u>
	2,545	2,491
- Offshore Construction	1,127	1,113
- Onshore Construction	244	233
- LNG	193	181
- MMO	85	78
- Offshore Drilling	656	661
- Onshore Drilling	95	87
- Leased FPSO	89	74
- Other	56	64
Financial investments	26	17
Non-current assets	2,571	2,508
Treasury shares	13	22
Working capital	(92)	(15)
Provision for contingencies	<u>(117)</u>	<u>(118)</u>
Net current assets	(196)	(111)
Employee termination benefits	(31)	(34)
CAPITAL EMPLOYED	<u>2,344</u>	<u>2,363</u>
Net equity	1,368	1,488
Minority interest in net equity	23	9
Net financial debt	953	866
COVER	<u>2,344</u>	<u>2,363</u>
SHARES ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING	440,713,700	441,177,500

**RECLASSIFIED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS
BY
NATURE OF COSTS**

(million euros)

	Fourth Quarter		Year	
	2003	2004	2003	2004
Operating revenues	1,228	1,237	4,231	4,306
Other revenues and income	4	4	11	10
Purchases, services and other costs	(916)	(907)	(2,977)	(3,046)
Payroll and related costs	(168)	(190)	(704)	(740)
GROSS OPERATING INCOME	148	144	561	530
Amortisation, depreciation and write-downs	(64)	(54)	(258)	(240)
OPERATING INCOME	84	90	303	290
Financial expenses	(11)	(9)	(53)	(42)
Income from investments	7	7	16	19
INCOME BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS & INCOME TAXES	80	88	266	267
Extraordinary expenses, net	(2)	–	(3)	–
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	78	88	263	267
Income taxes	(21)	(22)	(67)	(67)
NET INCOME BEFORE MINORITY INTEREST	57	66	196	200
Minority interest	1	–	–	(3)
NET INCOME	<u>58</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>196</u>	<u>197</u>
CASH FLOW (Net income + Depreciation and amortisation)	<u>122</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>454</u>	<u>437</u>

RECLASSIFIED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS BY DESTINATION OF COSTS

(million euros)

	Fourth Quarter		Year	
	2003	2004	2003	2004
Operating revenues	1,228	1,237	4,231	4,306
Production costs	(1,077)	(1,079)	(3,658)	(3,747)
Idle costs	(18)	(20)	(78)	(78)
Selling expenses	(14)	(14)	(66)	(66)
Research and development costs	(3)	(3)	(9)	(9)
Other operating expenses, net	(3)	(2)	(2)	–
CONTRIBUTION FROM OPERATIONS	113	119	418	406
General and administrative expenses	(29)	(29)	(115)	(116)
OPERATING INCOME	84	90	303	290
Financial expenses	(11)	(9)	(53)	(42)
Income from investments	7	7	16	19
INCOME BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS & INCOME TAXES	80	88	266	267
Extraordinary expenses, net	(2)	–	(3)	–
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	78	88	263	267
Income taxes	(21)	(22)	(67)	(67)
NET INCOME BEFORE MINORITY INTEREST	57	66	196	200
Minority interest	1	–	–	(3)
NET INCOME	<u>58</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>196</u>	<u>197</u>
CASH FLOW (Net income + Depreciation and amortisation)	<u>122</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>454</u>	<u>437</u>

Saipem



Website: www.saipem.eni.it

Switchboard: +39-025201

Shareholder Information:

Saipem S.p.A., Via Martiri di Cefalonia, 67 - 20097 San Donato Milanese (MI), Italy

Relations with institutional investors and financial analysts:

Mr Giulio Bozzini

Mr Salvatore Colli

Tel.: +39-02520.34653

Fax: +39-02520.54295

E-mail: investor.relations@saipem.eni.it