

**PRESS RELEASE – 10<sup>TH</sup> MAY 2005****FIRST QUARTER REPORT AT 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2005**

Today, the Board of Directors of Saipem S.p.A. has reviewed the Saipem Group consolidated first quarter report at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2005, which is not subject to audit and has been prepared in compliance with the new International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) <sup>(1)</sup>.

To enable comparison with the first quarter 2005 results, all figures relating to first quarter 2004 have been appropriately adjusted.

The audit company PricewaterhouseCoopers, owing to the complexity of this matter, has not yet completed its review of the adjustments to the 2004 financial statements (which had been developed in accordance with traditional accounting principles), so as to render them compatible with the new accounting standards.

Upon completion of this review, should further adjustments be required, these will feature in the interim report at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2005.

**Revenues** amounted to 954 million euros (905 million in the first quarter 2004).

**Operating Income** amounted to 72 million euros (71 million in the first quarter 2004).

**Net Income** amounted to 53 million euros (50 million in the first quarter 2004).

**Cash flow** (net income plus depreciation and amortisation) amounted to 105 million euros (101 million in the first quarter 2004).

*As previously stated, revenues and associated profit levels, particularly in the Offshore and Onshore Construction sectors, L.N.G. (Liquefied Natural Gas), and, to a lesser extent, in the Drilling, Leased FPSO and M.M.O. (Maintenance, Modification and Operation) sectors, are not consistent over time, as they are not only influenced by market performance but also by climatic conditions and individual project schedules. Consequently, the results from any one particular fiscal period can vary significantly, thereby precluding a direct comparison with the same period in other fiscal years or extrapolation of figures from a single quarter to the entire year.*

**Investments** in the first quarter 2005 amounted to 62 million euros (51 million in the same period 2004) and consisted mainly of the following: maintenance and upgrading of existing asset base (35 million euros); investments in vessels and equipment for specific projects, mainly Kashagan and Sakhalin Onshore (23 million euros); capex to strengthen the operating bases/yards in Kazakhstan and West Africa (4 million euros).

**Net financial debt** at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2005 amounted to 979 million euros, an increase of 113 million euros versus 31<sup>st</sup> December 2004, due mainly to the increase in working capital.

## **New contracts and backlog**

In the first quarter 2005, Saipem was awarded new contracts totalling 1,057 million euros (925 million euros in the same period 2004), of which 760 million euros were in the Offshore sectors (Construction and Drilling).

At end of March 2005, the backlog stood at 5,409 million euros (5,306 million euros at 31<sup>st</sup> December 2004).

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*(1) With reference to Consob resolution no. 14990, dated 14<sup>th</sup> April 2005, the information disclosed in the First Quarter report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 3D of Listed Companies regulations (Consob Regulation no. 11971 dated 14<sup>th</sup> May 1999 and subsequent amendments); for this reason, the provisions of IAS 34 – Interim Financial Statements have not been applied.*

## Management expectations for 2005

The positive overall trend of the market and Saipem's credibility and competitiveness, especially on complex projects in frontier areas, underpin expectations for 2005 to achieve further revenue growth, improving on the 2004 record, as well as the award of new contracts so as to maintain the high backlog level.

A phenomenon that will continue to adversely affect Saipem's profitability is the appreciation of the euro against the US dollar. This is because approximately 70% of Saipem's revenues are denominated in the American currency, whilst costs of the Milan and Paris operating centres as well as almost all depreciation - a total of approximately 560 million per annum - are denominated in euros. The impact of the euro appreciation is felt approximately one year after contract award, i.e. the average time lag between contract acquisition (and hedging), and execution. In 2004 therefore, Saipem's average invoice exchange rate was 1.15 (while the average euro/US dollar ratio in the same period was 1.24). In 2005, the combination of contracts already in the backlog at end 2004 and to be executed during the current year, along with contracts to be acquired in 2005, are expected to lead to an approximate average invoice exchange rate of 1.23.

Euro appreciation from 1.15 to 1.23 is expected to have a two-fold impact. Firstly it will cause a reduction in the euro-equivalent contribution from USD-denominated contracts (translation effect), estimated at approximately 14 million euros. Secondly, the effect of the company's euro-denominated structural costs will determine a further reduction in operating income estimated at approximately 24 million euros.

Conversely:

- volumes are expected to grow thanks to the positive overall market trend;
- in those business sectors and those areas where US competition is weakest, it is possible to gradually transfer to prices the effects of the euro's appreciation.

**At present it is expected that, in 2005, the Group can repeat the record 2004 results, with possible room for further improvement.**

*Forward-looking statements are based on a number of assumptions and expectations that could ultimately prove inaccurate, as they are subject to risks and variables outside the company's control. These include: currency fluctuations, interest rate fluctuations, the level of capital expenditure in the oil and gas industry, as well as other industries, political instability in the Persian Gulf and/or other regions, and actions by the competition. Moreover, contract execution is also subject to variables outwith the company's control, such as weather conditions. Actual results could therefore differ materially from the forward-looking statements.*

## **Financial flows**

The increase in net financial debt of 113 million euros versus 31<sup>st</sup> December 2004 was due to the following:

### *Outflows*

- increase in net current assets of 148 million euros;
- capital expenditure on tangible and intangible fixed assets amounting to 62 million euros;
- variations in other monetary components of 7 million euros;
- buy-back of treasury shares to the value of 2 million euros.

### *Inflows*

- cash flow (net income plus depreciation and amortisation) of 105 million euros;
- increase in employee termination benefits of 1 million euros.

## **Appointment of the Chief Operating Officer**

The Board of Directors has appointed Hugh James O'Donnell Chief Operating Officer, confirming the powers already granted to him by the previous Board of Directors.

## Introduction of the new International Financial Reporting Standards

The tables below detail the following reconciliations:

Balance Sheet - net equity based on previously used accounting principles, and that calculated in compliance with the new IFRS both at 31<sup>st</sup> December 2003 and 2004;

Income Statement - net income for the first quarter and full year 2004, showing the effects of IFRS application.

(million euros)

### Balance Sheet

	31 <sup>st</sup> December 2003			31 <sup>st</sup> December 2004		
	Previously used accounting principles	Effects of IFRS introduction	IFRS	Previously used accounting principles	Effects of IFRS introduction	IFRS
Net tangible fixed assets	1,694	26	1,720	1,688	24	1,712
Net intangible fixed assets	851	(23)	828	805	32	837
Financial investments	26	—	26	17	—	17
<b>Non-current assets</b>	<b>2,571</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2,574</b>	<b>2,510</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>2,566</b>
Working capital, net	(79)	7	(72)	5	6	11
Provisions for contingencies	(117)	(4)	(121)	(118)	(12)	(130)
<b>Net current assets</b>	<b>(196)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>(193)</b>	<b>(113)</b>	<b>(6)</b>	<b>(119)</b>
Employee termination benefits	(31)	—	(31)	(34)	1	(33)
Minority interest in net equity	(23)	—	(23)	(9)	—	(9)
Net debt	(953)	—	(953)	(866)	—	(866)
<b>Net equity</b>	<b>1,368</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1,374</b>	<b>1,488</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>1,539</b>

(million euros)

### Income Statement

	First Quarter 2004			Year 2004		
	Previously used accounting principles	Effects of IFRS introduction	IFRS	Previously used accounting principles	Effects of IFRS introduction	IFRS
Revenues	906	—	906	4,316	—	4,316
Operating costs	(785)	1	(784)	(3,786)	(4)	(3,790)
<b>Gross Operating Income</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>530</b>	<b>(4)</b>	<b>526</b>
Amortisation and depreciation	(62)	11	(51)	(240)	43	(197)
<b>Operating Income</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>329</b>
Financial income/(expenses)	(7)	—	(7)	(23)	1	(22)
<b>Income before income taxes</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>307</b>
Income taxes	(13)	—	(13)	(67)	—	(67)
Minority Interest	(1)	—	(1)	(3)	—	(3)
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>237</b>

Main effects in detail:

## Balance Sheet

	31 <sup>st</sup> December 2003	31 <sup>st</sup> December 2004
<b>Net equity pre IFRS</b>	<b>1,368</b>	<b>1,488</b>
- Capitalisation of periodic maintenance	42	26
- Impairment of Moss Maritime's Goodwill	(22)	(22)
- Research and Development costs that cannot be capitalised	(1)	(1)
- Write-off of Goodwill amortisation	-	55
- Evaluation of employees' benefit plans	(13)	(7)
<b>Total effect of IFRS introduction:</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>51</b>
<b>Net equity in compliance with IFRS</b>	<b>1,374</b>	<b>1,539</b>

## Income Statement

	First Quarter 2004	Year 2004
<b>Net income pre IFRS</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>197</b>
- Capitalisation of periodic maintenance	(1)	(16)
- Write-off of Goodwill amortisation	13	55
- Evaluation of employees' benefit plans	-	1
<b>Total effect of IFRS introduction:</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>Net income in compliance with IFRS</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>237</b>

With regard to IAS 32 and 39, pertaining to the evaluation and recognition of financial instruments including hedging contracts, Saipem opted to introduce them as of 1<sup>st</sup> January 2005, as authorised by IFRS 1 "First introduction of International Financial Reporting Standards".

## Analysis by business sector

### Offshore Construction:

	(million euros)	
	First quarter 2004	First quarter 2005
Revenues	569	571
Operating expenses, net of cost of materials	(440)	(407)
Cost of materials	(55)	(83)
Depreciation and amortisation	(24)	(24)
Contribution from operations (*)	50	57
 New orders awarded	 545	 626

(\*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2005 amounted to 3,358 million euros, of which 1,796 million are to be realised in 2005.

- Revenues for the first quarter 2005 amounted to 571 million euros, in line with those for the same period 2004. The areas that recorded the highest levels of activity were West and North Africa.
- Contribution from operations in the first quarter 2005 amounted to 57 million euros, equal to 10% of revenues, versus 50 million euros, equal to 8.8% of revenues in the same period 2004. This increase in margin is related to projects in North Africa being in their final stages of completion and the greater contribution from North Sea projects when compared to the previous year.
- The most significant orders awarded to the Saipem Group in the first quarter 2005 include:
  - on behalf of BP Berau Ltd, two EPIC contracts comprising engineering, procurement, construction and installation of two platforms and two subsea pipelines as part of the “Tangguh LNG Project” in the Berau Bay region of Indonesia;
  - on behalf of Talisman Energy UK, the Tweedsmuir project in the British sector of the North Sea, comprising the laying of a pipeline and a pipe-in-pipe flowline for a piggy-backed gas pipeline;
  - on behalf of Offshore Oil Engineering Co., the Dong Fang and Lu Feng projects in China, comprising the installation of two jackets and associated piles, two decks and a pipeline;
  - on behalf of Raffineria di Gela S.p.A., a contract in Sicily, comprising the design, procurement and installation for the replacement of an existing pipeline.

## Onshore Construction:

	(million euros)	
	First quarter 2004	First quarter 2005
Revenues	121	146
Operating expenses, net of cost of materials	(74)	(96)
Cost of materials	(29)	(31)
Depreciation and amortisation	(6)	(7)
Contribution from operations (*)	12	12
New orders awarded	247	94

(\*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2005 amounted to 711 million euros, of which 464 million are to be realised in 2005.

- Revenues in the first quarter 2005 amounted to 146 million euros, a 20.7% increase, versus the same period 2004, due to higher levels of activity on the Sakhalin project in Russia and the full-scale operations of projects in Nigeria.
- Contribution from operations, in the first quarter 2005, is in line with that of the same period 2004, with an incidence on revenues going from 9.9% to 8.2%. This fall in margin is mainly attributed to increased cost of sales and the negative impact of the US Dollar devaluation.
- The most important contract awarded to the Saipem Group during the first quarter 2005 was the EPC-type project Berrouaghia, on behalf of Sonatrach/Sonelgaz in Algeria for the construction of a gas-fired power station.



## Liquefied Natural Gas (L.N.G.):

	(million euros)	
	First quarter 2004	First quarter 2005
Revenues	41	58
Operating expenses	(31)	(52)
Depreciation and amortisation	(1)	(1)
Contribution from operations (*)	9	5
 New orders awarded	 3	 91

(\*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2005 amounted to 480 million euros, of which 222 million are to be realised in 2005.

- Operations carried out mainly in China, Morocco and Belgium enabled the company to achieve revenues of 58 million euros in the first quarter 2005, a 41.5% increase versus the same period the previous year.
- In the first quarter 2005, contribution from operations amounted to 5 million euros, with profitability equal to 8.6% of revenues (first quarter 2004: 9 million euros, equal to 22% of revenues). The margin recorded in the first quarter 2004 had been attributed to the particularly positive conclusion of some projects.
- The most important contract awarded to the Saipem Group during the first quarter 2005 was the Freeport project in the USA, on behalf of Freeport LNG Development L.P., comprising engineering, procurement of tanks for an LNG regassification terminal on the Quintana island in Texas; the project is in association with Technip and Zachry.

## Maintenance, Modification & Operation (M.M.O.):

(million euros)

	First quarter 2004	First quarter 2005
Revenues	63	63
Operating expenses	(57)	(58)
Depreciation and amortisation	(1)	(1)
Contribution from operations (*)	5	4
New orders awarded	70	62

(\*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2005 amounted to 62 million euros, of which 41 million are to be realised in 2005.

- Operational activities, carried out mainly in France, Italy, West Africa and Russia enabled revenues for the first quarter 2005 to total 63 million euros, in line with the same period 2004.
- Contribution from operations, in the first quarter 2005, amounted to 4 million euros, with profitability equal to 6.3% of revenues (first quarter 2004: 5 million euros equal to 7.9% of revenues).

## Offshore Drilling:

	(million euros)	
	First quarter 2004	First quarter 2005
Revenues	64	69
Operating expenses	(36)	(40)
Depreciation and amortisation	(11)	(12)
Contribution from operations (*)	17	17
 New orders awarded	 32	 134

(\*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2005 amounted to 382 million euros, of which 164 million are to be realised in 2005.

- Operating revenues for the first quarter 2005 showed a 7.8% increase versus the same period 2004, attributed mainly to improved levels of activity by Scarabeo 3 and Perro Negro 3.
- Contribution from operations in the first quarter 2005 is in line with the same period 2004, with profitability going from 26.6% to 24.6% of revenues. This downturn is due mainly to the US Dollar devaluation.
- Vessel utilisation was as follows:

<i>Vessel</i>	<i>days under contract</i>	
Semi-submersible platform Scarabeo 3	90	
Semi-submersible platform Scarabeo 4	-	<b>a</b>
Semi-submersible platform Scarabeo 5	90	
Semi-submersible platform Scarabeo 6	90	
Semi-submersible platform Scarabeo 7	90	
Drillship Saipem 10000	90	
Jack-up Perro Negro 2	90	
Jack-up Perro Negro 3	90	
Jack-up Perro Negro 4	90	
Jack-up Perro Negro 5	-	<b>a</b>

**a** = the vessel underwent upgrading works in readiness for a new contract.

- The most significant orders awarded to the Saipem Group in the first quarter 2005 include:
  - on behalf of Total Exploration & Production Angola, the two-year lease plus the option of a further two years of the drillship Saipem 10000. Drilling operations will be performed on the Rosa field, 200 km off the Angolan coast, at water depths of approximately 1,700 metres;
  - on behalf of IEOC (International Egyptian Oil Company), the eight-month lease of the semi-submersible platform Scarabeo 4 in Egypt.

## Onshore Drilling:

(million euros)

	First quarter 2004	First quarter 2005
Revenues	39	41
Operating expenses	(29)	(31)
Depreciation and amortisation	(5)	(4)
Contribution from operations (*)	5	6
New orders awarded	28	49

(\*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2005 amounted to 304 million euros, including the five-year contract on behalf of Agip KCO to be carried out by two rigs owned by the client in the D Block of the Kashagan field in Kazakhstan, of which 110 million are to be realised in 2005.

- Operating revenues for the first quarter 2005 show a 5.1% growth versus those of the same period 2004, mainly attributed to increased activities in South America.
- Contribution from operations in the first quarter 2005 increased by 1 million euros versus the same period last year, with a margin on revenues rising from 12.8% to 14.6%. This recovery in profitability is due to improved efficiency mainly of rigs operating in Saudi Arabia.
- Average utilisation of rigs stood at 89% (76% in the first quarter 2004); rigs were located as follows: 12 in Peru, 8 in Saudi Arabia, 8 in Venezuela, 2 in Italy, 3 in Algeria, 1 in Egypt and 2 in Kazakhstan.  
In addition, 5 third-party rigs were deployed in Peru and 1 in Kazakhstan by the joint-venture company SaiPar.  
Finally, 1 rig owned jointly with third parties operated in Kazakhstan.
- The most significant orders awarded in the first quarter 2005 include:
  - on behalf of KPO, the one-year lease of two rigs in Kazakhstan;
  - on behalf of Burren Petroleum, the one-year lease of a rig in Turkmenistan;
  - on behalf of Burlington Resources, the one-year lease of a rig in Algeria;
  - on behalf of Ninotsminda Oil Company Georgia, the four-month lease, plus the option of a further two months, of a rig in Georgia;
  - on behalf of Petrobras, the one-year lease of a rig in Peru;
  - on behalf of Sonatrach, the five-month lease of a rig in Algeria;
  - on behalf of PDVSA, the six-month lease of a rig in Venezuela.

## Leased FPSO:

	(million euros)	
	First quarter 2004	First quarter 2005
Revenues	8	6
Operating expenses	(4)	(3)
Depreciation and amortisation	(2)	(2)
Contribution from operations (*)	2	1
New orders awarded	–	1

(\*) *Operating Income before general and administrative expenses*

The backlog at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2005 amounted to 112 million euros, of which 14 million are to be realised in 2005.

- In the first quarter 2005, revenues decreased by 2 million euros versus the same period 2004. The fall in volumes and the one million euro reduction in contribution from operations when compared to the first quarter 2004, are mainly due to the conclusion of the Prestige project.
- The production units FPSO–Firenze and FPSO–Mystras have been in continuous operation during both the first quarter 2005 and 2004.

### Attachments:

- Reclassified Consolidated Balance Sheet and Reclassified Consolidated Income Statements by nature and destination of costs.

San Donato Milanese, 10<sup>th</sup> May 2005

RECLASSIFIED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(million euros)

	31 <sup>st</sup> December 2004	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2005 (*)
Net tangible fixed assets	1,712	1,726
Net intangible fixed assets	<u>837</u>	<u>833</u>
	2,549	2,559
- Offshore Construction	1,149	1,164
- Onshore Construction	243	242
- LNG	176	176
- MMO	84	84
- Offshore Drilling	672	673
- Onshore Drilling	87	85
- Leased FPSO	74	72
- Other	64	63
Financial investments	17	22
<b>Non-current assets</b>	<b>2,566</b>	<b>2,581</b>
Working capital	11	123
Provision for contingencies	<u>(130)</u>	<u>(125)</u>
<b>Net current assets</b>	<b>(119)</b>	<b>(2)</b>
<b>Employee termination benefits</b>	<b>(33)</b>	<b>(34)</b>
<b>CAPITAL EMPLOYED</b>	<b><u>2,414</u></b>	<b><u>2,545</u></b>
<b>Net equity</b>	<b>1,539</b>	<b>1,557</b>
<b>Minority interest in net equity</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Net debt</b>	<b>866</b>	<b>979</b>
<b>COVER</b>	<b><u>2,414</u></b>	<b><u>2,545</u></b>
<b>SHARES ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING</b>	<b>441,177,500</b>	<b>441,177,500</b>

(\*) Not inclusive of translation adjustment for the quarter, for those group companies whose financial statements are in currencies other than euros.

**RECLASSIFIED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS  
BY  
NATURE OF COSTS**

(million euros)

	First quarter 2004	First quarter 2005
Operating revenues	905	954
Other revenues and income	1	1
Purchases, services and other costs	(609)	(656)
Payroll and related costs	(175)	(175)
<b>GROSS OPERATING INCOME</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>124</b>
Amortisation, depreciation and write-downs	(51)	(52)
<b>OPERATING INCOME</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>72</b>
Financial expenses	(11)	(10)
Income from investments	4	5
<b>INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>67</b>
Income taxes	(13)	(14)
<b>NET INCOME BEFORE MINORITY INTEREST</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>53</b>
Minority interest	(1)	–
<b>NET INCOME</b>	<b><u>50</u></b>	<b><u>53</u></b>
<b>CASH FLOW</b>	<b><u>101</u></b>	<b><u>105</u></b>
<b>(Net income + Depreciation and amortisation)</b>		

**RECLASSIFIED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS  
BY  
DESTINATION OF COSTS**

(million euros)

	First quarter 2004	First quarter 2005
Operating revenues	<b>905</b>	<b>954</b>
Production costs	(770)	(824)
Idle costs	(19)	(11)
Selling expenses	(15)	(16)
Research and development costs	(2)	(1)
Other operating income	1	–
<b>CONTRIBUTION FROM OPERATIONS</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>102</b>
General and administrative expenses	(29)	(30)
<b>OPERATING INCOME</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>72</b>
Financial expenses	(11)	(10)
Income from investments	4	5
<b>INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>67</b>
Income taxes	(13)	(14)
<b>NET INCOME BEFORE MINORITY INTEREST</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>53</b>
Minority interest	(1)	–
<b>NET INCOME</b>	<b><u>50</u></b>	<b><u>53</u></b>
<b>CASH FLOW</b>	<b><u>101</u></b>	<b><u>105</u></b>
<b>(Net income + Depreciation and amortisation)</b>		



# Saipem



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